

SECTION 1: SUBSTANCE AND SUPPLIER DETAILS**1.1 Product identifier****PRODUCT NAME:** Magic Stain & Dye Remover**1.2 Relevant identified uses:** Stain Remover**1.3 SUPPLIER:** The Restoration Group Limited, 2/68 Thames Street, Pandora, Napier
Phone: 06-835-0065**1.4 EMERGENCY CONTACT:** National Poisons Centre Phone: 0800-764-766**SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

Magic Stain & Dye Remover is not classified as Dangerous Goods for Transport

HSNO Approval Number: HSR002530**Classification under the Group Standard Cleaning Products (subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017****HSNO Classification:**

6.4A - Causes serious eye irritation.

6.1D - Acutely Toxic (ORAL)

Remarks

For full text of H-phrases: see below and SECTION 16.

2.2 Label elements**Signal word** WARNING**Pictograms**

GHS07

**Hazard statements**H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.**Prevention Statement**P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.**Response Statement**P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P330 - Rinse Mouth, do not induce vomiting.
P337 + P 313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.**Precautionary statements - disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

Hazardous ingredients for labelling

zinc formaldehyde sulfoxylate

2.3 Other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION**3.1 Substances**

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures**3.2.1**

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%
Zinc formaldehyde sulfoxylate	CAS No 24887-06-7	≥ 90
Sulfamic acid	CAS No 5329-14-6	5 - < 15

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**4.1 Description of first aid measures****General notes**

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Brush off loose particles from skin. - Rinse skin with water/shower.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**5.1 Extinguishing media****Suitable extinguishing media**

water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Deposited combustible dust has considerable explosion potential.

Hazardous combustion productsnitrogen oxides (NO_x), carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO₂)**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures****For non-emergency personnel**

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**Advices on how to contain a spill**

Covering of drains. - Take up mechanically.

Advices on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal precautions: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Warning

Dust deposits may accumulate on all deposition surfaces in a technical room. The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not to eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

• Explosive atmospheres

Removal of dust deposits.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe compatible storage of chemicals.

Consideration of other advice

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Workplace Exposure Limits

Coun-	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA ppm	TWA mg/m ³	STEL ppm	STEL mg/m	Source
NZ	particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR)		PEL	1,766	15			29 CFR OSHA
NZ	particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR)		PEL	529.5	5			29 CFR OSHA

notation

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period unless otherwise specified.

TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average.

Relevant DNELs/DMELs/PNECs and other threshold levels

No data available.

8.2 Exposure controls**Engineering controls**

Eyewash facilities and safety showers should be provided in the work area where there is a risk of exposure to eyes and skin. If use generates mists/sprays, use engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation to ensure workers are not exposed to levels exceeding the exposure standards.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye/Face Avoid contact with eyes. Wear eye/face protection. Refer to AS/NZS1336 for suitable eye and face protection

Hands, Skin and Body

Wear protective gloves that are resistant to the product. Refer to Australian and New Zealand Standard AS/NZS2161 for protective gloves. Use protective clothing. Remove any contaminated clothing to avoid prolonged contact with the skin. Wash work clothes regularly. Refer to Australian and New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4501 for occupational protective clothing.

Respiratory protection:

Where there is inadequate ventilation, and use results in the formation of mists/sprays, use a respirator. Refer to AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716 for suitable respiratory protection. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

Other protective measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Physical state	solid (powder)
Color	white
Odor	characteristic

Other physical and chemical parameters

pH (value)	5 (5% solution)
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Flash point	not applicable
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	
Explosion limits of dust clouds	not determined
Vapor pressure	not determined
Density	not determined
Relative density	not determined
Solubility(ies)	not determined
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Viscosity	not relevant (solid matter)
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

Physical stresses which might result in a hazardous situation and have to be avoided

strong shocks

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

oral 537.6

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
zinc formaldehyde sulfoxylate	24887-06-7	oral	500

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic, carcinogenic nor as a reproductive toxicant.

Carcinogenicity

- National Toxicology Program (United States): none of the ingredients are listed
- IARC Monographs none of the ingredients are listed

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant.

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**12.1 Toxicity**

Toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)**Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture**

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
sulfamic acid	5329-14-6	EC50	71.6 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	48 hours
sulfamic acid	5329-14-6	ErC50	48 mg/l	algae	72 hours

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)**Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture**

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
sulfamic acid	5329-14-6	EC50	71.6 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

- 14.1** UN number (not subject to transport regulations)
- 14.2** UN proper shipping name not relevant
- 14.3** Transport hazard class(es)
Class -
- 14.4** Packing group not relevant
- 14.5** Environmental hazards none (non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations)
- 14.6** Special precautions for user
There is no additional information.
- 14.7** Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code
The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Group Standard Allocation:

Cleaning Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017

HSNO Approval Code: **HSR002530**

HSNO Classifications:

6.4A - Causes serious eye irritation.

6.1D - Acutely Toxic (ORAL)

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	/	None.
Health	2	Temporary or minor injury may occur.
Flammability	1	Material that must be preheated before ignition can occur.
Physical hazard	0	Material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive.
Personal protective equipment	-	

Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	1	Material that must be preheated before ignition can occur.
Health	1	Material that, under emergency conditions, can cause significant irritation.
Instability	0	Material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions.
Special hazard		

This substance is not required to be Tracked. All workplace personnel handling this substance are required to be trained on the safe handling and PPE requirements for the hazards associated with this substance.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR OSHA	29 CFR §1910.1001 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic for Reproduction
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
HMIS	Hazardous Materials Identification System
IARC Monographs	IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NFPA® 704	National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States)
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	parts per million
STEL	short-term exposure limit
TWA	time-weighted average
vPvB	very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

- OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200
- 49 CFR § 172.101 Hazardous Materials Table (DOT)

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards/Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	harmful if swallowed
H319	causes serious eye irritation

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein. This Safety Data Sheet summarises our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product and how to safely handle the product in the workplace. Each user should read this SDS and consider the information in the context of how the product will be handled and used in the workplace including its use in conjunction with other products.

This substance is approved under HSNO for use as a cleaning chemical. All reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the information and advice contained herein are from sources believed to be reliable and to represent the most up-to-date knowledge available at the date given in Section 16. No liability is assumed for any damages related to the use or misuse of this substance.

All chemical materials may present unknown hazards as people have varying degrees of sensitivity to chemicals. Therefore, this product should be used with caution. The information herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, express or implied is made.

SDS Issued: 1 May 2020

Reason for Revision: Update to New Zealand regulatory requirements.

References:

EPA NZ Chemical Classification and Information Database
EPA Guide: Assigning a Hazardous Substance to a Group Standard, 2014
Supplier SDS: Masterblend, Magic Stain and Dye Remover